

Table 2. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—C5	1.343 (3)	C9—C10	1.384 (4)
N1—C6	1.455 (3)	C10—C11	1.388 (4)
O1—C5	1.354 (3)	C11—C12	1.376 (5)
O1—C1	1.477 (3)	C12—C13	1.371 (4)
O2—C5	1.214 (3)	C13—C14	1.391 (4)
O3—C7	1.202 (3)	C15—C16	1.506 (3)
O4—C7	1.339 (3)	C16—C17	1.476 (3)
O4—C8	1.444 (3)	C17—C18	1.333 (3)
O5—C16	1.218 (3)	C18—C19	1.468 (3)
C1—C3	1.512 (3)	C19—C20	1.399 (3)
C1—C2	1.517 (3)	C19—C24	1.402 (3)
C1—C4	1.524 (3)	C20—C21	1.386 (3)
C6—C7	1.518 (3)	C21—C22	1.386 (4)
C6—C15	1.526 (3)	C22—C23	1.382 (4)
C8—C9	1.505 (3)	C23—C24	1.385 (3)
C9—C14	1.382 (3)		
C5—N1—C6	120.7 (2)	C10—C9—C8	117.9 (2)
C5—O1—C1	119.8 (2)	C9—C10—C11	121.1 (3)
C7—O4—C8	116.8 (2)	C12—C11—C10	119.8 (3)
O1—C1—C3	102.7 (2)	C13—C12—C11	119.7 (3)
O1—C1—C2	110.5 (2)	O1—C1—C2	120.5 (3)
C3—C1—C2	110.3 (2)	C9—C14—C13	120.4 (3)
O1—C1—C4	110.1 (2)	C16—C15—C6	113.0 (2)
C3—C1—C4	110.5 (2)	O5—C16—C17	119.6 (2)
C2—C1—C4	112.4 (2)	O5—C16—C15	120.8 (2)
O2—C5—N1	124.7 (2)	C17—C16—C15	119.6 (2)
O2—C5—O1	125.4 (2)	C18—C17—C16	125.5 (2)
N1—C5—O1	109.9 (2)	C17—C18—C19	125.6 (2)
N1—C6—C7	108.2 (2)	C20—C19—C18	118.0 (2)
N1—C6—C15	113.5 (2)	C20—C19—C18	122.5 (2)
C7—C6—C15	114.3 (2)	C24—C19—C18	119.5 (2)
O3—C7—O4	125.2 (2)	C21—C20—C19	120.9 (2)
O3—C7—C6	124.5 (2)	C22—C21—C20	120.5 (2)
O4—C7—C6	110.2 (2)	C23—C22—C21	119.2 (2)
O4—C8—C9	112.0 (2)	C22—C23—C24	120.9 (2)
C14—C9—C10	118.5 (2)	C23—C24—C19	120.5 (2)
C14—C9—C8	123.6 (2)		

Isotropic H atoms were constrained to give N—H 0.90 and C—H 0.95–1.00 Å depending on position, H—C—H 109.5°, aromatic and olefinic H atoms on angle external bisectors and  $U(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ . Data collection and cell refinement: *DIF4* (Stoe & Cie, 1992). Data reduction: local programs. Program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL/PC* (Sheldrick, 1990). Program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL* (Sheldrick, 1994). Molecular graphics: *SHELXTL/PC*. Software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL* and local programs.

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Lists of structure factors, anisotropic displacement parameters and H-atom coordinates have been deposited with the IUCr (Reference: HA1079). Copies may be obtained through The Managing Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

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## *p*-Methyl-*N*-(pentafluorobenzylidene)-aniline (1), 1,2,3,4-Tetrafluoro-7-methoxyacridine (2), 1,2,3,4,7-Pentafluoroacridine (3) and 3-(*p*-Methylanilino)-1,2,4-trifluoro-7-methylacridine (4): Four Molecules Representing Key Stages in the One-Pot Synthesis of 1,2,3,4-Tetrafluoroacridines by Treating Pentafluorobenzaldehyde with *para*-Substituted Anilines

A. J. ADAMSON, Y. ARCHAMBEAU, R. E. BANKS AND B. BEAGLEY

*Department of Chemistry, University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology, PO Box 88, Manchester M60 1QD, England*

M. HELLIWELL

*Department of Chemistry, University of Manchester, Manchester M13 9PL, England*

R. G. PRITCHARD AND A. E. TIPPING

*Department of Chemistry, University of Manchester Institute of Science and Technology, PO Box 88, Manchester M60 1QD, England*

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## Abstract

All of the title compounds,  $C_{14}H_8F_5N$ ,  $C_{14}H_7F_4NO$ ,  $C_{13}H_4F_5N$  and  $C_{21}H_{15}F_3N_2$ , display a characteristic stacking of their  $\pi$  systems in which adjacent members of the stack are related by crystallographic inversion centres. This leads to a particularly efficient mode of packing in which fluorinated rings overlap unfluorinated sections of the molecules at interplanar spacings ranging from 3.40 to 3.51 Å.

## Comment

During the purification of a crude sample of the Schiff base  $C_6F_5CH=NC_6H_4(OCH_3-4)$  [(1) with  $R = OCH_3$ ] obtained by heating pentafluorobenzaldehyde with *p*-methoxyaniline in boiling *n*-butyl acetate, Flowers & DeFigueredo (1990) isolated a by-product which they concluded was 7,8,9,10-tetrafluoro-2-methoxyphenanthridine on the basis of the results of elemental, NMR and mass spectrometric analyses. Their interest centred only on the preparation of Schiff bases of the type  $C_6F_5CH=NAr$  for mass spectral studies. For our part we wished to compare the mechanism of this intramolecu-

lar ring closure with that involved in the production of fluorinated diareno-1,2-diazepines from phenylazo derivatives of fluoroaromatic compounds (Alty, Banks, Fishwick, Pritchard & Thompson, 1984; Alty, Banks, Fishwick & Thompson, 1985).

We prepared the compound thought to be the phenanthridine, but found that the <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>19</sup>F NMR signals could not be assigned unambiguously. The crystal structure determination, described here, showed that the by-product from the reaction of C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>CHO with H<sub>2</sub>NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(OCH<sub>3</sub>-4) was in fact 1,2,3,4-tetrafluoro-7-methoxyacridine (2).

Subsequent detailed work on the mechanism of formation of various tetrafluoroacridines [e.g. (3)] from pentafluorobenzaldehyde and a range of substituted anilines showed that, rather than the simple ring closure expected, another aniline molecule attacks the *ortho*-position in the fluorinated ring, initiating a process which ultimately yields substituted acridines. Full details of the reaction mechanism have been presented by Adamson, Banks & Tipping (1993) and are summarized in the scheme below. Further evidence for the role of the aniline component in the ring closure is given by the formation of compound (4), in which the *para*-F substituent has also been replaced by *p*-methylaniline.

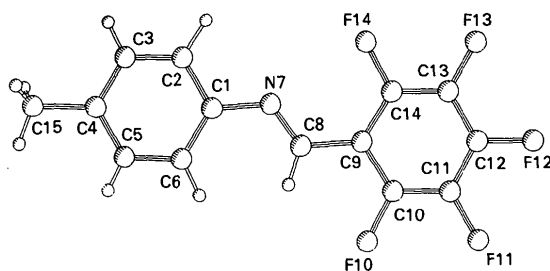
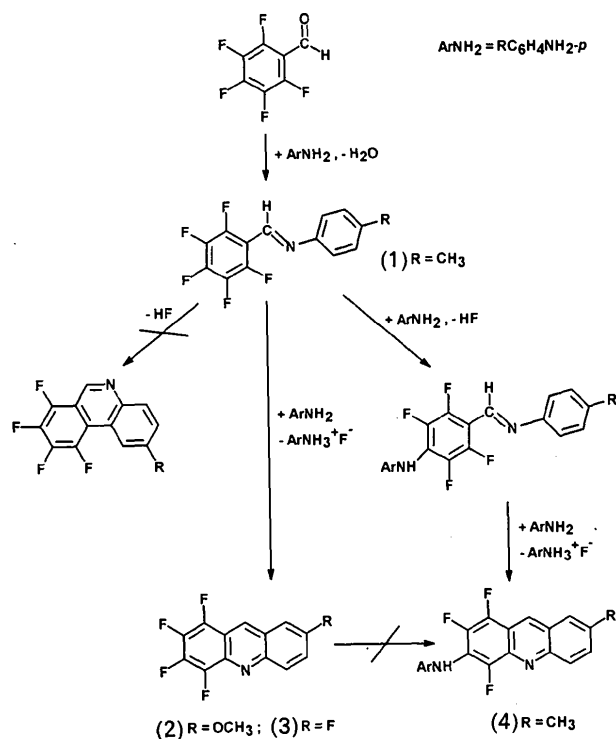


Fig. 1. Molecule (1) including atomic labelling scheme.

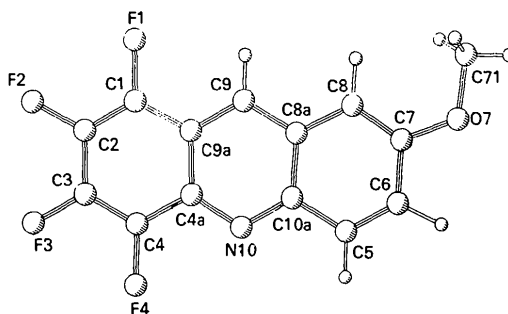


Fig. 2. Molecule (2) including atomic labelling scheme [an identical labelling scheme has been used for molecule (3)].

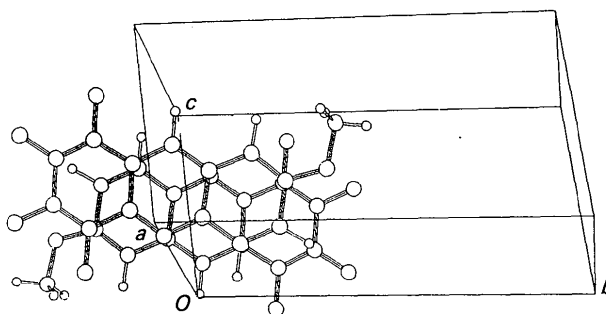


Fig. 3. Crystal packing in (2) showing the type of overlapping π systems seen in all four crystal structures.

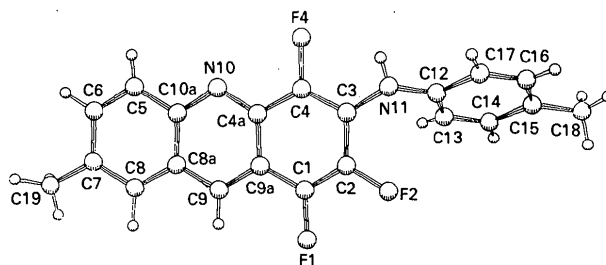


Fig. 4. Molecule (4) including atomic labelling scheme.

In connection with the mechanism of acridine formation, the determination of the structure of (1) establishes that Schiff bases of the type C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>CH=NC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>R-4 prepared in this manner adopt an *E* configuration at the C=N bond.

## Experimental

The Schiff base [(1) m.p. 412 K] was obtained in 93% yield (after recrystallization from boiling acetone) by stirring pentafluorobenzaldehyde and *p*-methylaniline together (1:1 molar

ratio) in dichloromethane at room temperature for approximately 1 h. The fluoroacridines were isolated from reaction mixtures produced by heating pentafluorobenzaldehyde with *p*-methoxyaniline [(2), m.p. 484 K], *p*-fluoroaniline [(3), m.p. 438 K] or *p*-methylaniline [(4), m.p. 512 K] in an inert solvent (*n*-butyl acetate or, preferentially, toluene or 1,2-dichlorobenzene) (Adamson, Banks & Tipping, 1993). All three acridines were sublimed *in vacuo* then recrystallized from acetone; each one provided a satisfactory elemental analysis (C, H, F, N).

**Compound (1)***Crystal data*C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>8</sub>F<sub>5</sub>NM<sub>r</sub> = 285.22

Triclinic

P $\bar{1}$ 

a = 7.437 (3) Å

b = 13.176 (4) Å

c = 6.210 (2) Å

α = 92.00 (3)°

β = 96.90 (3)°

γ = 91.76 (3)°

V = 603.4 (7) Å<sup>3</sup>

Z = 2

D<sub>x</sub> = 1.570 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo Kα radiation

λ = 0.71069 Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

θ = 23.93–37.10°

μ = 0.14 mm<sup>-1</sup>

T = 296 K

Needle

0.40 × 0.20 × 0.10 mm

Colourless

*Data collection*

AFC-6S diffractometer

ω/2θ scans

Absorption correction:  
empiricalT<sub>min</sub> = 0.88, T<sub>max</sub> = 1.00

2308 measured reflections

2126 independent reflections

793 observed reflections

[I &gt; 3σ(I)]

R<sub>int</sub> = 0.034θ<sub>max</sub> = 25.0°

h = 0 → 8

k = -15 → 15

l = -7 → 7

3 standard reflections

monitored every 150 reflections

intensity variation: 0.03%

*Refinement*

Refinement on F

R = 0.042

wR = 0.046

S = 1.75

793 reflections

201 parameters

All H-atom parameters

refined except for methyl

H atoms, fixed

Weighting scheme based on measured e.s.d.'s

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> = 0.10Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.15 e Å<sup>-3</sup>Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.21 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Atomic scattering factors

from *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1974, Vol. IV)

Table 1. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>) for (1)

	x	y	z	U <sub>eq</sub>
F10	0.6136 (4)	0.6027 (2)	0.0214 (4)	0.065 (2)
F11	0.6590 (5)	0.8003 (2)	-0.0592 (5)	0.077 (2)
F12	0.8344 (5)	0.9295 (2)	0.2493 (6)	0.085 (2)
F13	0.9644 (4)	0.8603 (2)	0.6410 (5)	0.071 (2)
F14	0.9229 (4)	0.6655 (2)	0.7259 (4)	0.060 (2)
N7	0.7687 (6)	0.4803 (3)	0.5915 (7)	0.060 (3)
C1	0.7385 (7)	0.3744 (4)	0.6225 (9)	0.048 (3)
C2	0.7954 (8)	0.3409 (4)	0.8286 (9)	0.049 (3)
C3	0.7748 (8)	0.2401 (5)	0.8742 (9)	0.055 (3)

$$U_{eq} = (1/3)\sum_i\sum_j U_{ij}a_i^*a_j^*a_i \cdot a_j$$

C4	0.6950 (7)	0.1705 (4)	0.7182 (9)	0.051 (3)
C5	0.6371 (8)	0.2039 (5)	0.5171 (10)	0.058 (3)
C6	0.6570 (8)	0.3042 (4)	0.4644 (10)	0.056 (3)
C8	0.7336 (7)	0.5175 (4)	0.4128 (10)	0.048 (3)
C9	0.7659 (7)	0.6261 (4)	0.3783 (9)	0.044 (3)
C10	0.7019 (7)	0.6651 (4)	0.1797 (9)	0.048 (3)
C11	0.7236 (8)	0.7662 (5)	0.1346 (9)	0.054 (3)
C12	0.8120 (8)	0.8308 (4)	0.2907 (9)	0.055 (3)
C13	0.8761 (8)	0.7958 (4)	0.4891 (9)	0.052 (3)
C14	0.8552 (7)	0.6957 (4)	0.5313 (8)	0.044 (3)
C15	0.6717 (9)	0.0599 (4)	0.7710 (10)	0.079 (3)

Table 2. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for (1)

N7—C1	1.431 (6)	C4—C15	1.514 (7)
N7—C8	1.232 (6)	C8—C9	1.471 (6)
C1—C2	1.390 (7)	C9—C10	1.389 (6)
C1—C6	1.395 (7)	C9—C14	1.391 (7)
C3—C4	1.378 (7)	C12—C13	1.368 (7)
C4—C5	1.364 (7)	C13—C14	1.360 (7)
C1—N7—C8	121.8 (5)	C3—C4—C5	118.4 (6)
N7—C1—C2	116.0 (5)	N7—C8—C9	122.3 (6)
N7—C1—C6	125.3 (5)	C11—C12—C13	120.3 (6)
C2—C1—C6	118.7 (6)		

**Compound (2)***Crystal data*C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>7</sub>F<sub>4</sub>NOM<sub>r</sub> = 281.21

Triclinic

P $\bar{1}$ 

a = 7.366 (7) Å

b = 12.411 (2) Å

c = 6.312 (2) Å

α = 100.13 (2)°

β = 94.28 (5)°

γ = 86.69 (4)°

V = 565.9 (5) Å<sup>3</sup>

Z = 2

D<sub>x</sub> = 1.650 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Cu Kα radiation

λ = 1.5418 Å

Cell parameters from 18 reflections

θ = 76.90–79.37°

μ = 1.29 mm<sup>-1</sup>

T = 295 K

Plate

0.60 × 0.40 × 0.03 mm

Yellow

Refinement on F

R = 0.042

wR = 0.046

S = 1.75

793 reflections

201 parameters

All H-atom parameters

refined except for methyl

H atoms, fixed

Weighting scheme based on measured e.s.d.'s

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> = 0.10Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.15 e Å<sup>-3</sup>Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.21 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Atomic scattering factors

from *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1974, Vol. IV)*Data collection*

AFC-5S diffractometer

ω/2θ scans

Absorption correction:

empirical

T<sub>min</sub> = 0.70, T<sub>max</sub> = 1.00

1827 measured reflections

1676 independent reflections

1167 observed reflections

[I &gt; 3σ(I)]

R<sub>int</sub> = 0.048θ<sub>max</sub> = 60°

h = -4 → 8

k = -13 → 13

l = -7 → 7

3 standard reflections

monitored every 150 reflections

intensity variation: 4.56%

*Refinement*

Refinement on F

R = 0.078

wR = 0.088

S = 3.24

1167 reflections

181 parameters

H-atom parameters not refined

Weighting scheme based on measured e.s.d.'s

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> = 0.0001Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.34 e Å<sup>-3</sup>Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.33 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Atomic scattering factors

from *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1974, Vol. IV)

Table 3. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>) for (2)
$$U_{eq} = (1/3)\sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* a_i \cdot a_j.$$

	x	y	z	<i>U</i> <sub>eq</sub>
F1	0.5355 (4)	0.1683 (3)	0.0975 (4)	0.067 (2)
F2	0.5470 (5)	0.3790 (3)	0.2984 (5)	0.080 (2)
F3	0.6969 (5)	0.4292 (3)	0.7037 (5)	0.082 (2)
F4	0.8312 (4)	0.2716 (3)	0.9212 (5)	0.070 (2)
O7	0.8400 (6)	-0.3828 (3)	0.3828 (6)	0.076 (2)
N10	0.8233 (6)	0.0552 (3)	0.7362 (6)	0.049 (2)
C1	0.6116 (7)	0.1935 (4)	0.3017 (8)	0.053 (3)
C2	0.6140 (8)	0.2971 (5)	0.3975 (9)	0.057 (3)
C3	0.6929 (8)	0.3235 (5)	0.6122 (9)	0.061 (3)
C4	0.7574 (7)	0.2430 (5)	0.7171 (8)	0.055 (3)
C4a	0.7561 (7)	0.1319 (4)	0.6229 (8)	0.047 (2)
C5	0.8929 (7)	-0.1323 (5)	0.7584 (8)	0.053 (3)
C6	0.8931 (8)	-0.2386 (5)	0.6672 (9)	0.058 (3)
C7	0.8241 (7)	-0.2727 (5)	0.4498 (9)	0.054 (3)
C8	0.7572 (7)	-0.1982 (4)	0.3282 (8)	0.052 (2)
C8a	0.7512 (7)	-0.0846 (4)	0.4199 (8)	0.046 (2)
C9	0.6814 (7)	-0.0033 (4)	0.3060 (7)	0.048 (2)
C9a	0.6803 (6)	0.1055 (4)	0.4047 (8)	0.045 (2)
C10a	0.8216 (7)	-0.0490 (4)	0.6407 (8)	0.047 (2)
C71	0.7795 (10)	-0.4243 (5)	0.163 (1)	0.082 (4)

Table 4. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for (2)

O7—C7	1.359 (6)	C4a—C9a	1.437 (6)
O7—C71	1.439 (7)	C5—C6	1.343 (7)
N10—C4a	1.340 (6)	C5—C10a	1.431 (7)
N10—C10a	1.328 (6)	C6—C7	1.427 (7)
C1—C2	1.322 (7)	C7—C8	1.351 (7)
C1—C9a	1.417 (7)	C8—C8a	1.427 (7)
C2—C3	1.425 (8)	C8a—C9	1.393 (7)
C3—C4	1.339 (7)	C8a—C10a	1.452 (7)
C4—C4a	1.404 (7)	C9—C9a	1.384 (7)
C4a—N10—C10a	118.3 (4)	C8a—C9—C9a	119.9 (4)
N10—C4a—C9a	122.6 (5)	C4a—C9a—C9	118.5 (5)
C9—C8a—C10a	117.0 (5)	N10—C10a—C8a	123.6 (5)

**Compound (3)***Crystal data*C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>4</sub>F<sub>5</sub>N*M<sub>r</sub>* = 269.17

Triclinic

*P*1̄*a* = 8.270 (5) Å*b* = 10.721 (5) Å*c* = 5.995 (2) Å

α = 102.56 (3)°

β = 92.60 (4)°

γ = 83.30 (3)°

*V* = 515.2 (9) Å<sup>3</sup>*Z* = 2*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.735 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>*Data collection*

AFC-6S diffractometer

ω/2θ scans

Absorption correction:

empirical

*T<sub>min</sub>* = 0.93, *T<sub>max</sub>* = 1.00

1945 measured reflections

1808 independent reflections

951 observed reflections

[*I* > 3σ(*I*)]*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.041

Mo Kα radiation

λ = 0.71069 Å

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

θ = 35.55–40.85°

μ = 0.159 mm<sup>-1</sup>*T* = 296 K

Needle

0.30 × 0.20 × 0.20 mm

Yellow

θ<sub>max</sub> = 24.99°*h* = 0 → 9*k* = -12 → 12*l* = -6 → 6

3 standard reflections

monitored every 150

reflections

intensity variation:

-0.80%

*Refinement*Refinement on *F**R* = 0.045w*R* = 0.053*S* = 2.15

951 reflections

188 parameters

All H-atom parameters

refined

Weighting scheme based on

measured e.s.d.'s

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> = 0.08Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.19 e Å<sup>-3</sup>Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.27 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Atomic scattering factors

from *International Tables*for *X-ray Crystallography*

(1974, Vol. IV)

Table 5. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>) for (3)
$$U_{eq} = (1/3)\sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* a_i \cdot a_j.$$

	x	y	z	<i>U</i> <sub>eq</sub>
F1	0.0478 (3)	0.8677 (2)	0.8655 (4)	0.060 (1)
F2	0.0448 (3)	0.6227 (2)	0.6302 (5)	0.070 (1)
F3	0.1842 (3)	0.5441 (2)	0.2195 (5)	0.075 (1)
F4	0.3292 (3)	0.7085 (2)	0.0316 (4)	0.061 (1)
F5	0.3638 (3)	1.4606 (2)	0.6779 (5)	0.077 (1)
N10	0.3368 (4)	0.9583 (3)	0.2503 (5)	0.039 (1)
C1	0.1190 (5)	0.8285 (4)	0.6598 (7)	0.043 (2)
C2	0.1165 (5)	0.7070 (4)	0.5463 (8)	0.050 (2)
C3	0.1892 (5)	0.6666 (4)	0.3296 (7)	0.049 (2)
C4	0.2595 (5)	0.7489 (4)	0.2365 (7)	0.046 (2)
C4a	0.2656 (4)	0.8801 (4)	0.3516 (6)	0.039 (2)
C5	0.4125 (5)	1.1661 (4)	0.2548 (7)	0.045 (2)
C6	0.4187 (5)	1.2899 (4)	0.3590 (8)	0.049 (2)
C7	0.3515 (5)	1.3356 (4)	0.5780 (8)	0.051 (2)
C8	0.2808 (5)	1.2621 (4)	0.6903 (8)	0.047 (2)
C8a	0.2715 (4)	1.1310 (4)	0.5847 (6)	0.039 (2)
C9	0.1989 (5)	1.0464 (4)	0.6858 (8)	0.042 (2)
C9a	0.1931 (4)	0.9204 (4)	0.5722 (6)	0.038 (2)
C10a	0.3385 (4)	1.0812 (4)	0.3625 (6)	0.038 (2)

Table 6. Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for (3)

N10—C4a	1.336 (4)	C5—C6	1.344 (6)
N10—C10a	1.345 (5)	C5—C10a	1.429 (5)
C1—C2	1.334 (5)	C6—C7	1.412 (6)
C1—C9a	1.421 (5)	C7—C8	1.338 (6)
C2—C3	1.415 (6)	C8—C8a	1.420 (6)
C3—C4	1.338 (5)	C8a—C9	1.397 (5)
C4—C4a	1.432 (5)	C8a—C10a	1.434 (5)
C4a—C9a	1.435 (5)	C9—C9a	1.379 (5)
C4a—N10—C10a	117.5 (3)	C8a—C9—C9a	120.1 (4)
N10—C4a—C9a	123.5 (3)	C4a—C9a—C9	117.9 (3)
C9—C8a—C10a	117.4 (4)	N10—C10a—C8a	123.5 (4)

**Compound (4)***Crystal data*C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>15</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>*M<sub>r</sub>* = 352.36

Monoclinic

*P*2<sub>1</sub>/c*a* = 5.871 (4) Å*b* = 7.889 (3) Å*c* = 34.830 (9) Å

β = 91.23 (4)°

*V* = 1612 (2) Å<sup>3</sup>*Z* = 4*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.451 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>*Data collection*

AFC-6S diffractometer

ω scans with profile analysis

Mo Kα radiation

λ = 0.71069 Å

Cell parameters from 20

reflections

θ = 14.99–23.39°

μ = 0.104 mm<sup>-1</sup>*T* = 296 K

Plate

0.40 × 0.35 × 0.15 mm

Pale yellow

*R<sub>int</sub>* = 0.070θ<sub>max</sub> = 25°

Absorption correction:  $h = 0 \rightarrow 6$   
 refined from  $\Delta F$  (*DI-FABS*; Walker & Stuart, 1983)  $k = 0 \rightarrow 20$   
 $T_{\min} = 0.83$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.18$   $l = -40 \rightarrow 40$   
 3372 measured reflections 3 standard reflections  
 3049 independent reflections monitored every 150 reflections  
 1317 observed reflections intensity variation: 1.09%  
 $[I > 3\sigma(I)]$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F$  Weighting scheme based on measured e.s.d.'s  
 $R = 0.068$   $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.081$   
 $wR = 0.066$   $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $S = 4.25$   $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 1317 reflections Atomic scattering factors from *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1974, Vol. IV)  
 283 parameters  
 All H-atom parameters refined except H on methyl C18, fixed

Table 7. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ ) for (4)

$$U_{eq} = (1/3)\sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* a_i \cdot a_j$$

	x	y	z	$U_{eq}$
F1	0.9691 (6)	0.0290 (5)	0.5589 (1)	0.050 (2)
F2	0.8437 (6)	0.0300 (6)	0.6321 (1)	0.052 (2)
F4	0.1739 (6)	0.3322 (6)	0.5990 (1)	0.046 (2)
N10	0.2821 (9)	0.3259 (8)	0.5232 (2)	0.034 (3)
N11	0.439 (1)	0.1846 (10)	0.6548 (2)	0.049 (4)
C1	0.772 (1)	0.1084 (10)	0.5679 (2)	0.037 (4)
C2	0.712 (1)	0.1089 (10)	0.6054 (2)	0.039 (4)
C3	0.507 (1)	0.191 (1)	0.6173 (2)	0.037 (4)
C4	0.372 (1)	0.2570 (9)	0.5884 (2)	0.029 (3)
C4a	0.426 (1)	0.2579 (9)	0.5487 (2)	0.033 (4)
C5	0.194 (1)	0.393 (1)	0.4576 (2)	0.037 (4)
C6	0.247 (1)	0.388 (1)	0.4193 (2)	0.044 (4)
C7	0.453 (1)	0.315 (1)	0.4060 (2)	0.041 (4)
C8	0.603 (1)	0.2495 (10)	0.4334 (2)	0.037 (4)
C8a	0.553 (1)	0.2499 (9)	0.4724 (2)	0.032 (4)
C9	0.696 (1)	0.1795 (10)	0.5006 (2)	0.034 (4)
C9a	0.637 (1)	0.1806 (9)	0.5387 (2)	0.032 (4)
C10a	0.341 (1)	0.3228 (10)	0.4855 (2)	0.033 (4)
C12	0.580 (1)	0.2243 (10)	0.6867 (2)	0.039 (4)
C13	0.785 (1)	0.309 (1)	0.6846 (3)	0.046 (5)
C14	0.918 (1)	0.345 (1)	0.7160 (3)	0.046 (4)
C15	0.853 (1)	0.295 (1)	0.7528 (2)	0.042 (4)
C16	0.646 (1)	0.211 (1)	0.7553 (2)	0.050 (5)
C17	0.512 (1)	0.175 (1)	0.7235 (2)	0.043 (4)
C18	1.002 (1)	0.330 (1)	0.7882 (3)	0.069 (5)
C19	0.507 (2)	0.317 (2)	0.3649 (3)	0.066 (6)

Table 8. Selected geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ) for (4)

N10—C4a	1.326 (7)	C5—C6	1.37 (1)
N10—C10a	1.366 (8)	C5—C10a	1.403 (9)
N11—C3	1.375 (9)	C6—C7	1.43 (1)
N11—C12	1.408 (9)	C7—C8	1.39 (1)
C1—C2	1.36 (1)	C7—C19	1.48 (1)
C1—C9a	1.401 (9)	C8—C8a	1.40 (1)
C2—C3	1.43 (1)	C8a—C9	1.394 (9)
C3—C4	1.372 (9)	C8a—C10a	1.449 (9)
C4—C4a	1.421 (8)	C9—C9a	1.379 (9)
C4a—C9a	1.432 (9)		
C4a—N10—C10a	117.8 (6)	C8a—C9—C9a	120.9 (7)
N10—C4a—C9a	123.3 (7)	C4a—C9a—C9	118.4 (6)
C9—C8a—C10a	116.4 (7)	N10—C10a—C8a	123.1 (6)

The crystals of (2) were extremely thin and a rotating-anode source had to be used. Data collection: *MSC/AFC Diffractometer*

*Control Software* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1988). Cell refinement: *MSC/AFC Diffractometer Control Software*. Data reduction: *TEXSAN PROCESS* (Molecular Structure Corporation, 1985). Program(s) used to solve structure: *TEXSAN, MITHRIL* (Gilmore, 1984). Program(s) used to refine structure: *TEXSAN LS*. Molecular graphics: *TEXSAN, PLUTO* (Motherwell & Clegg, 1978). Software used to prepare material for publication: *TEXSAN FINISH*. Literature survey: *CSSR* (1984).

Lists of structure factors, anisotropic displacement parameters, H-atom coordinates and complete geometry have been deposited with the IUCr (Reference: HA1078). Copies may be obtained through The Managing Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

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### 3-Selenocyanatopyridine

S. J. DUNNE, L. A. SUMMERS AND  
 E. I. VON NAGY-FELSOBUKI

*Department of Chemistry, The University of Newcastle, Callaghan, NSW 2308, Australia*

M. F. MACKAY

*Department of Chemistry, La Trobe University, Bundoora, Victoria 3083, Australia*

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### Abstract

The crystal structure of the title compound (3-pyridyl selenocyanate,  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{N}_2\text{Se}$ ) has been determined by X-ray analysis. As expected, the Se—C<sub>sp</sub> bond of length